

PRI Toolkit for

Interviewing Children, their Guardians, and Staff of Juvenile Detention Facilities

November 2011

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Background

Given the risks faced by juveniles in detention and its damaging impact on a child's development, PRI's work places considerable emphasis on juvenile justice reform and has done since its inception. Its activities focus on diverting children from the adult justice system, promoting alternative sanctions to imprisonment and, where imprisonment is used, improving conditions of detention. In order to do this, interviewing children who are deprived of their liberty is vital in getting a full understanding of the situation in a country.

Purpose of undertaking interviews: Obtaining inputs from children and their families allows PRI to better focus the training workshops we provide for professionals to properly reflect the context and conditions of detention in the country we are working with. Further, it allows us to identify where the legislation, guidelines or regulations regarding a certain aspect of detention is not being implemented. The exercise is also valuable in itself in generating data, which can be published as a report containing 'voices of children' in conflict and in contact with the law. Undertaking interviews with children is also essential for those who monitor the conditions of detention at institutions where children are held and for a full overview of this please also see PRI's document "A Training Manual for Independent Monitors of Juvenile Detention Facilities" (2011).

Method: The inputs and experiences of children can be obtained at four levels: one-to-one interviews with children in institutions; interviews with staff from the institutions; interviews with parents, guardians or relatives of children in institutions; and focus group discussions with children in institutions. The most comprehensive reports are those that use all of these methods to collect data.

Implementation: The interviews are carried out by external researchers, contracted to a project, and supervised by PRI. The researchers are required to agree to and comply with relevant child protection guidelines (PRI Child Protection Policy attached as Annex I) and also need to read and become familiar with the "Guidance Note for Interviewing Children", see below.



One-to-one interviews with children

Purpose: To get inputs from children on the performance of the justice system from their first contact with the system to their present point (either in an institution on remand or after conviction, or having finished a sentence) and to try and understand the process for resocialisation measures being offered. The questions are designed under 4 broad headings:

- Background of the child including family and social context;
- Treatment at first contact with the system (i.e. police);
- Experience of the system through arrest, pre-trial detention, trial and sentencing;
- Experience within the institution including educational, recreational, vocational and resocialisation programmes on offer.

Method: The interviews are administered by researchers selected and instructed by PRI and following a questionnaire format (Annex II). Interviewers are required to agree to PRI's Child Protection Policy (Annex I) and be familiar with the 'Guidance Note for Interviewing Children', see below. PRI ensures that permission has been sought from the relevant institution for the administration of the interviews. They ideally take place on a one-to-one basis in a dedicated space in the institution that is comfortable for the child. However, it is understood and accepted that if it is necessary for security or other reasons a social worker may be present. Each interview should take between 60 and 90 minutes to complete. Interviews should take place in at least more than one institution where children are held, to give a full picture of life for children deprived of their liberty in the country. The questionnaire (Annex II) is a guideline and can be adapted to get more focused information depending on the data required.

Selection of Participants: Children from the institutions should be selected with a view to interviewing children from a mix of ages, ethnicities, religions, and category of offences. While children in some countries may be allowed to stay in the institutions over the age of 18 years, where a report is focused solely on children, interviews should only take place with those under the age of 18 years.



Interviews with Staff

Purpose: To cross-check the information provided by children in their interviews as well as to obtain additional insights from staff on the management of the institution and staff interaction with the children.

Method: Interviews are administered by researchers following a questionnaire, a sample of which is provided in Annex III. Ideally they should be conducted on a one-to-one basis with key members of staff, including where possible the head of the institution. However, where this is not possible group conversations based around the sections of the questionnaire should occur. One-to-one interviews are expected to take not more than 60 minutes.

Interviews with a parent, guardian or other relative

Purpose: To gain further insights into the reasons for a child's offending behaviour and how their families perceive the justice system. Also, to gain an understanding of a child's parental and family dynamics in order to begin to address and manage 'at risk' situations where children are living in dysfunctional families that may not be conducive to their development. The aim is to get a broad overview of the general characteristics of children in conflict with the law rather than specific characteristics of individual children. While we aim to get one-to-one matching between children in conflict with the law and their parents, guardians or relative, it is recognised that this may not always be achievable.

Method: Interviews are administered by researchers (as above) following a questionnaire, see Annex IV. Each interview should take between 60 and 90 minutes.

Selection of Participants: The selection of parents is done in two ways. Firstly, interviews should try to be organised on assigned visiting days within the institution to try and maximise the number of parents available for interview. However, often parents will not have the resources to either visit the institution to see their child or to take part in an interview and so an interviewer may have to travel to a parents home town or other convenient location in order to carry out the interview. In order to do this researchers will need support from the staff of the institution, and where possible the children, to help identify the child's parents and contact details.



Focus Groups

Purpose: To corroborate the data gathered from children in the one-to-one interviews to get a more rounded picture of children within institutions. Some children may be more willing to speak in a group setting and be less worried about reprisals and hence, it may be possible to get some better data. The questions should cover similar topics to that of the one-to-one interviews although should be adapted to allow for more discussion around specific, identified issues.

Method: Focus groups should contain children of broadly similar circumstance (e.g. children in conflict with the law who have committed similar offences or children at risk who are in institutions) with questions being adapted accordingly. This should ideally be administered with as few adults present as possible to allow the children to speak more freely. However, if for security or other reasons it is deemed necessary a maximum of 2 institution staff (including social workers) should be allowed to attend. The focus group should take 90 minutes. Interviewers should ensure key issues raised are noted for future focus groups. A sample of questions to ask at focus groups is attached as Annex V.

Selection of Participants: Focus groups should contain around 5 – 7 children per group and should be drawn, where possible, from the children who participate in the one to one interviews.



Guidance Note for Interviewing Children

Young children can provide useful information, however often interviewers are unsure as to how to let them do it. This toolkit provides in the Annexes sample questionnaires with which to interview children, however, to gain further details around certain issues you may have to ask a child to speak about a certain event, which is where free recall becomes an important tool. Where this is necessary, the less information the child gives in free recall, the sooner the interviewer may start using leading questions, which can influence the child and distort the story.

Young children may perceive the interview task differently from adults and as a result may try to tell the interviewer what they believe the interviewer wants them to say. Recounting their experiences may be upsetting or traumatic for a child and so communication and interviewing of children should be done in a sensitive and child-friendly manner. Incorrect interviewing techniques can be stressful for the child and all interviewers should be familiar with and have adhered to PRI's Child Protection Policy.

Preparing for the Interview

- Choose a location where there is as much privacy as possible, there are few distractions and the child feels safe and comfortable.
- Choose how the interview will be recorded and how these records will be kept confidential – i.e. two interviewers (one note taking), one interviewer taking notes, using recording device.

Be aware of common problems

- Children answering questions to which they don't know the answer.
- Children telling the interviewer what they believe the interviewer wants to hear.
- Fear that any information they disclose will result in reprisals once the interviewers have gone.

Making the child feel safe

- Introduce yourself properly before the interview.
- Explain the purpose of the interview, what the information they give will be used for and the limitations of the things you can change.
- Explain why you are taking notes/using a recorder during the interview and how it will be kept confidential.
- Start with conversational or non-controversial questions and work towards more sensitive issues.
- Use an informal and relaxed approach to help the child feel at ease. Understand
 that it may take some time for the child to become relaxed enough to be
 comfortable talking, especially if the events they are recalling are traumatic
 ones.



Getting unbiased information

- Encourage the child to give their information and tell their story in their own words.
- Explain that it is acceptable to tell the interviewer if they do not know the answer to a question.
- Explain that they should correct the interviewer if s/he is mistaken or incorrect.
- Avoid leading questions or comments that may make the child feel coerced or pressured into giving a certain answer.
- Avoid repeated questions as it may lead the child to believe their previous answer was 'wrong'.
- Use simple, age-appropriate language and ensure that the child understands the correct meaning of the question.
- To get more detail use follow-up questions, e.g. "And then what happened?".
- Plan one or two short breaks during the interview at appropriate points to allow for a child's short attention span.

Finishing the interview

- Ask the child if they have any questions for you or anything else they'd like to tell you.
- Explain again the limitations of your work and avoid raising false hopes.
- Complete your notes immediately after the interview has finished to ensure the most accurate representation of the meeting as possible.



Annex I

Working with Children: PRI's Child Protection Policy

Date: February 2011

1. Introduction

It is generally considered to be good practice for organisations working with vulnerable groups, such as children, to have a child protection policy that sets out the principles for their work in this field.

PRI's policy is set out below.

1.1 Rights of the Child (CRC)

"States parties shall protect the child from all forms of physical or mental violence, injury or abuse, neglect, maltreatment or exploitation, including sexual abuse" (Article 19 UN Convention on the Rights of the Child).

1.3 Child abuse

"Child maltreatment, sometimes referred to as child abuse and neglect, includes all forms of physical and emotional ill-treatment, sexual abuse, neglect, and exploitation that results in actual or potential harm to the child's health, development or dignity. Within this broad definition, five subtypes can be distinguished – physical abuse; sexual abuse; neglect and negligent treatment; emotional abuse; and exploitation" (WHO website).

1.3 Child Protection Policy

It is a commitment of PRI to safeguard all children involved in our work from harm. The policy stipulates that the welfare of the child is paramount and all children without exception have the right to protection from abuse regardless of gender, ethnicity, disability, sexuality or beliefs.

All PRI staff and staff contracted by PRI who come into contact with children will adhere to these principles and ensure that they minimise all risks to children they encounter in the course of their work.

1.4 Direct and indirect contact with children

Direct: Being in the physical presence of a child, such as giving a talk to children or attending project sites where children are present.

Indirect:

- 1. Having access to children's personal details and/or photographs.
- 2. Providing funding for a project where children are involved PRI must take responsibility for child protection issues.

2. How we will ensure children are protected



Awareness, prevention, reporting and responding are vital for ensuring children are protected.

2.1 Awareness

- All board members, staff, volunteers and consultants will sign a form to demonstrate understanding and acceptance of this policy
- Partners working with children will be made aware of this policy
- The policy will be published on our website
- Regional offices will translate the policy into local languages

2.2 Prevention

- Thorough and safe recruitment, selection and vetting procedures (including in the UK CRB checks for those staff whose work requires them to have direct contact with children)
- All concerns, and allegations of abuse will be taken seriously by trustees, staff
 and volunteers and responded to appropriately this may require a referral to
 children's services and in emergencies, the Police

2.3 Reporting and Responding

- Designate one person (executive director) and in regions (regional director) for reporting purposes
- Designated person(s) to undergo appropriate child protection training
- This policy will be reviewed every three years or whenever necessary

2.4 Taking Photographs

Photographs should only be taken with permission, particularly if inside prisons or other closed institutions. Where permission has been given by the institution, it will still be necessary to seek permission from anyone likely to be photographed. Where this is a child or young person, their identity should not be revealed in any event (for example, to ensure their faces are obscured).



Annex II

Sample Questionnaire: One-to-one interviews with children

SEC	TION A. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.	Name of interviewer					
2.	Date and time of interview					
3.	Location					
SEC	TION B. INFORMATION ON RESPONDENT					
4.	Respondent number					
5.	Age of Respondent					
	□ <10 □ 10 − 14 □ 14-16 □ 16-18 □ Unknown					
6.	Sex of the Respondent					
	☐ Male ☐ Female					
7.	Status of the respondent					
	\square On Remand \square Convicted \square Other (elaborate)					
8.	Education of the respondent					
	□ None□ Primary□ Secondary Education□ Higher Education					
9.	Have you completed this stage of education?					
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't know					
10.	Who were you living with at the time of arrest?					
	□ Parents (together)□ Single Parent□ Guardian (specify)□ Institution□ Independent					
11.	11. Source/Income earning activities of the respondent?					
12.	Source/Income earning activities of the household of the respondent					
	1					



SECTION C. ADMISSION, REGISTRATION AND MOVEMENTS

Note – Information regarding questions 14/15 can be obtained from the institution register

Date ar	nd place of arrest		
a.	Date/month/year		
b.	Place		
M/bat w	une the first detention	n facility after being arm	racta d C
wnat v	vas the first detentio	n facility after being arr	estea?
Who ar	rrested you/brought	you in the first facility?	
Were y	ou able to contact yo	our relatives or any othe	er person about your arrest?
	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know
		6 110 1 1 10	
		-	you stay there before you were brought
		•	☐ 3 – 4 days
	☐ 5 days +	☐ Don't know	
14/2/22	affanad lagal aasi		under all 12
were y	_		
	□ Yes	□ NO	☐ Don't know
a) If yes	, did you accept?		
, ,	y Yes □	□No	
What v	vere the reasons for I	being detained? (Probe)
cific for	the current facility		
Were y			
	⊔ Yes	⊔ NO	☐ Don't know
	a. b. What v	b. Place	a. Date/month/year b. Place What was the first detention facility after being arr Who arrested you/brought you in the first facility? Were you able to contact your relatives or any other Yes



20.a) If yes, what kind of in	formation were you give	en?	
21. Were any special arran	gements made for trans and facility, to the court	•	rom one place to the
☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know	
21.a) If no, how were you	transported to these pla	ces?	
SECTION D. PHYSICAL RES	TRAINTS USE OF FORCE	AND DISCIPLINARY PR	OCEDURES
22. Has anyone ever hurt y	_		
☐ Yes If no, continue to Section E	□ No	□ Don't know	
23. Can you describe what	happened?		
24. Who hurt you? (please	don't mention names)?		
☐ Warder	n 🗆 Fellow (detainee [Other
25. How often did this hap	pen?	e □ Don't	know
26. Did you tell any adult i □	in the detention facility a	bout this?	
27. Was any disciplinary ad ☐ Yes	ction taken against the po	erson who hurt you? ☐ Don't know	
27.a) If yes, what kind of di	sciplinary action was tak	en?	
			12



SECTION E. PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT AND ACCOMMODATION

28.	In your opinion, does the dorminumber of persons in the room	• •	ently staying have	enough space for the	<u> </u>
	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know		
29.	Are you provided with adequate	e clothing?			
	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know		
29.	a) If yes, are these appropriate fo	or season and cli	mate?		
	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know		
30.	How many meals are you provide	ded with per day	?		
	☐ One ☐ Tv	vo 🗆 Thre	ee 🗆 No	one	
31.	Is there special diet for the sick	children?			
	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know		
SEC	TION F. EDUCATION, VOCATION	IAL TRAINING A	ND WORK		
32.	Is there an education or training				
	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know		
If 'N	No' or 'Don't Know', proceed to S	ection G			
22	NATI	. ((12			
33.	What type of education/training				
	☐ Primary ☐ Second	ary 🗆 Vocat	ional Other	☐ Don't know	
24	Are you involved in an advectio	nal/training proc	, ma ma ma a 3		
54.	Are you involved in an educatio Yes	nai/training prog	☐ Don't know		
	□ fes	□ NO	□ Don t know		
25	Who are the teachers/trainers?				
<i>JJ</i> .	☐ Institution Staff	☐ External	teacher	☐ Other	
	institution stan		.eacher	□ Other	
36	Where does the classes/training	take nlace?			
50.			Outside the instituti	ion 🗆 Other	
		J	zaside the motituti		
					1.0
					13



37. Are you prov	ided with learning/tra	ining materials?		
	☐ Yes	\square No	☐ Don't know	
38. What is the f	requency of classes/tr	raining?		
[□ Daily	\square Weekly	\square Other	
39. Have you or	your fellow student ev	er sat for nation	al exams?	
	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know	
SECTION G. CON	TACT WITH THE COM	MUNITY		
40. Are visitors f	rom outside allowed?			
[☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Don	't know	
40.a) If yes, what	t is the frequency of vi	sits allowed?		
\square Daily -	– Weekly 🔲 We	ekly – Monthly	\square Anytime	☐ Unknown
40.b) What is the	duration of time you	are allowed to st	tay with a visitor?	
\square Under an	hour 🗆 1 –	2 hours	☐ No limit	\square Other
41. What are the	e other means for com	municating with	outside world?	
☐ Telepl	hone 🗆 Letter	☐ Radio/TV	☐ Newspapers/magaz	ines
42. Are you able	to communicate freel	y with your legal	counsel?	
	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know	
SECTION H. RECF	REATION AND EXERCIS	SE		
43. Do you have	time for exercise?			
	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know	
44. Do younger o	children have the oppo	ortunity to partic	ipate in sports/ recreation	on equally to
older childre	n?			
	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know	
45. What are the	e other sports and cult	ural activities av	ailable to juvenile detain	ees?
☐ Sport	ts 🗆 TV/Radio	□ Pla	ying cards/games	☐ Others
				14



15

SECTION I. RELIGIOUS PRACTICES 46. Are there religious services in this facility? ☐ Don't know ☐ Yes □ No **SECTION J. MEDICAL CARE AND SERVICES** 47. Do you have access to medical care? ☐ Some □No ☐ Yes ☐ Don't know 48. Are you provided with materials necessary to meet your hygiene needs (i.e. soap, toothpaste etc)? ☐ Yes □ No ☐ Don't know 49. If female, are you provided with special hygienic needs? ☐ Yes \square No ☐ Don't know 50. Is there specific care for children with mental and psychological needs? ☐ Don't know ☐ Yes □ No SECTION K. PREPARATION FOR RELEASE 51. Have you been informed about any restrictions to be imposed upon your release? 51.a) If yes please explain 52. Do you know if there is any probation time set upon your release? ☐ Yes □ No ☐ Don't know 52.a) If yes, please explain 53. Have you been informed about any system for assigning an officer to monitor you while on probation?



	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know				
54. Is there a	n arrangement for scho	oling after your i	release?				
	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know				
55. What are	55. What are your recommendations for improving the situation of children in this facility?						
		END					



Annex III

Sample Questionnaire: One-to-one interviews with staff of the institution

SE	ECTION A. GENERAL INFORMATION		
1.	Name of interviewer		
2.	Date and time of interview		
3.	Location		
SE	ECTION B. INFORMATION ON RESPOND	ENT	
4.	Position of respondent		
5.	Sex of the Respondent		
	☐ Male	☐ Female	
SEG	ECTION C. ADMISSION, REGISTRATION A	AND MOVEMI	ENTS
6.			
	, 64 64		
7.	Upon entering the facility, what kind o	of information	or details do you register from a child?
••••		•••••	
8.	What kind of information do you prov	vide children v	vith upon entering this facility?
9.	Are there any arrangements for trans such as to a second facility, to the cou	•	•
		□ No	☐ Don't know
		- 110	_ Jon Cimon
SE	ECTION D. PHYSICAL RESTRAINTS USE O	F FORCE AND	DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES
10.). Are there any incidences of children b	eing abused o	or abusing others in this facility?
	☐ Yes ☐	□No	☐ Don't know
If r	no, continue to Section E		
			17



11. What kind of abuse?		
12. Who are the perpetrators? ☐ Warden	(please don't mention n ☐ Fellow detainee	names)?
13. Who are the mostly abused ☐ Younger children	l? (please don't mention ☐ Girls ☐ Otl	
14. How often does this happe ☐ Regularly	n? □ Rare/not often	☐ Don't know
15. Is any disciplinary action ta ☐ Yes ☐ No	ken against the perpetra □ Don't know	ators?
15.a) If yes, what kind of discip	inary action is usually ta	ken?
SECTION E. PHYSICAL ENVIRON	IMENT AND ACCOMMO	DDATION
16. In your opinion, do the dor room?	mitories have enough sp	pace for the number of children in the
☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know
17. Do you provide the children	n with adequate clothing	3?
☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know
17.a) If yes, are these appropria	ate for season and clima	te?
☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know
18. How many meals are the cl	nildren provided with pe	r day?
□ One □ Two	☐ Three	☐ None
19. Is there a special diet provi	ded for sick children?	
☐ Yes	□ No □ Don	't know
		18



SEC	TION F. EDUCATION	, VOCATIONAL	TRAINING	AND WOR	K	
20.	Is there an educatio	n or training pr	ogram in th	is facility?		
	☐ Ye	S	\square No		on't know	
If 'N	lo' or 'Don't Know', p	proceed to Sect	ion G			
21.	What type of educa	tion/training is	offered?			
	☐ Primary	☐ Secondary	□ Voca	ntional	☐ Other	☐ Don't know
22.	Who are the teache	rs/trainers?				
	☐ Institution St	aff	□ Externa	l teacher		Other
23.	Where does the clas	sses/training ta	ke place?			
	☐ Designated re	oom 🗆 Dorn	nitory \Box	Outside 1	the institution	□ Other
24.	Do you provide the	children with le	earning/trair	ning mate	rials?	
	□ Ye	S	□ No		on't know	
25.	What is the frequen	cv of classes/tr	aining?			
	☐ Daily	□ We	-		Other	
	,		•			
26.	Do the children eve	r sit for nationa	l exams?			
	☐ Yes	□ No		Don't kno)W	
SEC	TION G. CONTACT V	VITH THE COM	MUNITY			
27.	Are visitors from ou	tside allowed?				
	□ Ye	S	□ No		on't know	
28.	If yes, what is the fr	equency of visi	ts allowed?			
	□ Daily – Week	ly 🗆 Wee	ekly – Monti	hly	☐ Anytim	e 🗌 Unknown
29.	29. What is the duration of time the child is allowed to stay with a visitor?					
	\square Under an hou		2 hours	•	lo limit	☐ Other
30.	What are the other	means for com	municating	with outsi	de world?	
	☐ Telephone	☐ Letter	•		lewspapers/m	agazines
						19



31.	Are the children a	able to communic	ate freely w	vith their legal counsel?	
		Yes	\square No	☐ Don't know	
	CTION H. RECREAT				
32.	Do the children h			_	
		Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know	
33.	Do younger child older children?	ren have the oppo	ortunity to p	participate in sports/ recreation equal	ly to
		Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know	
34.	What are the oth	er sports and cult	ural activitie	es available to juvenile detainees?	
J	☐ Sports	☐ TV/Radio		g cards/games	
SEC	TION I. RELIGIOU	S PRACTICES			
35.	Are there religiou	us services in this f	facility?		
	☐ Ye	es 🗆 No		Don't know	
SEC	TION J. MEDICAL	CARE AND SERVI	CES		
36.	Do the children h	ave access to med	dical care ar	nd services?	
	☐ Yes	\square Some	1 🗆	No □ Don't know	
37.	Do you provide the toothpaste etc)?	he children with n	naterials ned	cessary to meet their hygiene needs (i.e. soap
	•	Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know	
20	Ana tha ainle music		. _ f + :		
58.				special hygienic needs?	
		Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know	
39.	Is there specific c	are for children w	vith mental a	and psychological needs?	
		Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know	
SEC	CTION K. PERSONN	NEL AND STAFFIN	G		
40.	What is the ratio	of staff to childre	n?		
•••••			••••••		
					2.0



41. How many members of staff have been given specific training on handling juvenile issues?					
SECTION L. PREPARATION FOR RELEA 42. Are there any restrictions impose	ASE				
42.a) If yes, please explain					
43. Is there any probation time set up	oon the child	d's release? ☐ Don't know			
44. If yes, please explain		DOIT CKNOW			
, ,		monitor the child while on probation?			
☐ Yes 46. Are there any arrangements put i	□ No n place for t	☐ Don't know he schooling of the child after their release?			
☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Don't know			
47. What are your recommendations for improving the situation of children in this facility?					
	END				



Annex IV

Sample Questionnaire: Interviews with a parent, guardian or other relative

SEC	TION A. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.	Name of Interviewer					
2.	Date and time of interview					
3.	Location					
SEC	TION B. INFORMATION ON RESPONDENT					
4.	Age of Respondent					
	\square 18 – 30 \square 31 – 45 \square 46 – 65 \square 66+ \square Don't know					
5.	Sex of the Respondent					
	☐ Male ☐ Female					
6.	What is your relationship with the child?					
	\square Mother \square Father \square Guardian (specify) \square Spouse \square Other (specify)					
7.	Were you living with the child at the time of the arrest?					
	□ Yes □ No					
8	Household status of respondent?					
Ο.	☐ Two parent household ☐ Single parent household ☐ Other					
•	Marin in a construction and third of the bound and of the consequence					
9.	Main income earning activities of the household of the respondent					
	TION C. INFORMATION ON THE JUSTICE SYSTEM					
10.	In your opinion what are the common reasons which prompt juveniles to come into contact with the law?					
11.	Who arrested your child?					



12. Were you informed when the child was arrested?						
	☐ Yes		□No		☐ Don't know	
13.	Can you remember how I court of law?	ong the child stay	ed in the	e police st	ation before be	eing brought to a
14.	Was the child given legal	aid?				
	□ Yes		□No		☐ Don't know	
15.	During the court case, dic child to detention?	l you understand	the proc	edure and	d why the court	sentenced your
	☐ Yes		□No		☐ Don't know	
SEC	CTION D. COMMUNICATIO	NS AND RESOCIA	ALISATIO	N		
16.	Were you given a chance	of communicatin	g with yo	our child?		
	☐ Yes		□ No		☐ Don't know	
17.	Are you allowed to visit y	our child in the fa	cility?			
	☐ Yes		□ No		☐ Don't know	
18.	What is the frequency of	your visits?				
	☐ Daily – Weekly	☐ Weekly – M	lonthly		☐ Anytime	□ Unknown
19.	What is the duration of ti	me are you allow	ed?			
	\square Under an hour	☐ 1 – 2 hours		□ No lir	mit 🗆 Othe	er
20.	Have you ever attended s children with conduct pro		ngs on p	reventing	delinquency ar	nd treating young
	☐ Yes	□ No		☐ Don't	know	
20.	a) If yes, was it a useful int	ervention to pare	ents/gua	rdians?		
	☐ Yes		□No			
21.	Do you think there good a reintegration of the child	-				fully
	□ Yes		□No		☐ Don't know	
						23



21.a) If yes, please explain	
22. As a parent/guardian, what is your role in reintegration of the child in to the community?	
	•
23. Do you have any other ideas on how to end the problem of juveniles being in conflict with law?	
	••

END



Annex V

Sample Questions for Focus Group Discussions

Date and time of focus group
Name of the facility
Details of the discussion group

Introduction and aim of visit

Issues to be discussed

- 1. Children experience during arrest
- 2. Handling of detainee properties
- 3. Experience in police stations
- 4. Separation of cells and relationship between older and younger ones
- 5. Available mechanism to protect vulnerable groups
- 6. Kinds of disciplinary action and mechanisms for appealing in the facility
- 7. Abuse and incidences of using force
- 8. Situation of accommodation facilities
- 9. Availability of enough and appropriate clothing
- 10. Contact with the external community
- 11. Communication with legal counsel and Fair trial
- 12. Education and rehabilitation programmes offered
- 13. Available sports and exercise programmes and facilities
- 14. Access to religious practices
- 15. Observance of relevant laws and regulations in this facility
- 16. Preparation for release and reintegration to the community

END